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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/831,567	05/10/2001	Gerhard Gille	MO-6323/STA-	6933		
157 75	590 02/14/2006	EXAMINER				
	TERIAL SCIENCE LLC	WILKINS III, HARRY D				
100 BAYER RO PITTSBURGH	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	,		1742			
			DATE MAILED: 02/14/2000	DATE MAILED: 02/14/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/831,567	GILLE ET AL.	GILLE ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
			Harry D. Wilkins, III	1742				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAnsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of the provision of the provisions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply very reply received by the Office later than three months after patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DA of 37 CFR 1.13 unication. tutory period w vill, by statute,	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (6(a)). In no event, however, may a reply be still apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <i>27 De</i>	ecember 2005.					
′=	·		action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 10-14 is/are pending in the a	application						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) 10-14 is/are rejected.							
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
	The specification is objected to by the	Evaminer						
				by the Evaminer				
10/23	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 10 May 2001 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment								
=	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	0-048)		4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date				al Patent Application (PTO-152)				
- aper 110(3)/Wall Date 0) [_] Other:								

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 10-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alonso et al (XP-000874467) in view of Polizzotti et al (US 4,851,041) and Felten et al (FR 2,294,133).

Alonso et al teach the invention substantially as claimed. Alonso et al teach (see abstract) a method of forming tungsten carbides that includes gas-phase carburization of tungsten precursor compound (tungsten trioxide) at temperatures of 700-1100°C, which overlaps the claimed temperature range of 850 to 950°C. The examples disclosed by Alonso et al contain 39, 22 and 0% CO<sub>2</sub>. Though Alonso et al do not teach that the CO<sub>2</sub> content is above the Boudouard equilibrium content, based on the disclosure in the specification in Example 1 (page 8), 3% CO2 is above this value, thus, 39 and 22% are also above the Boudouard equilibrium content.

However, Alonso et al do not teach that the carbon activity is between 0.4 to less than 1.

The specific examples disclosed by Alonso et al have carbon activities, calculated from Applicant's formula on page 3 of the specification, that are 0.026 (61 wt% CO), 0.077 (78 wt% CO) and essentially infinity (100 wt% CO). Thus, Alonso et al

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teach a broad range for the CO content, which relates to a carbon activity that encompasses the claimed range.

Polizzotti et al teach (see abstract, figures 1 and 2 and col. 4, line 66 to col. 6, line 3) a tungsten carburization process at 850°C, wherein the carbon activity is controlled to achieve the desired phases (see col. 5).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have selected a carbon activity below 1.0 to have avoided formation of free carbon and above approximately 0.35, such as 0.4, to have avoided the formation of any undesirable phases as taught by Polizzotti et al. With the carbon activity above 1.0 carbon black would be formed. This would occur no matter the temperature since it was a function of the CO/CO<sub>2</sub> equilibrium.

[It is noted that Polizzotti et al teach a Co-WC composite powder, however, nothing in the present claims excludes the presence of cobalt, and, as evidenced by col. 5, lines 57-59, the cobalt does not participate in the carburization process at the disclosed temperature.]

Alonso et al do not teach that after the powder is carburized, it is subjected to a heat treatment at 1150-1800°C.

Felten et al teach (see page 2) that the reaction  $WO_3 + 4C \rightarrow WC + 3 CO$  proceeds at 1200-1500°C. Thus, if treated at this temperature, any  $WO_3$  would be converted to WC.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have heat treated the powder of Alonso et al at 1200-1500°C as claimed as suggested by

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Felten et al in order to ensure that any remaining unreacted precursor WO<sub>3</sub> after the process of Alonso et al would have been converted to WC.

With respect to the fact that the claims recite a process consisting of steps (a) and (b), Alonso et al in view of Polizzotti et al and Felten et al suggest a method with only the two steps of carburizing followed by a heat treatment.

Regarding claim 11, see above discussion of carbon activity.

Regarding claim 12, Alonso et al teach (see page 145) that powders are produced at 900 and 1100°C and are shown in Figure 8. Therefore, Alonso et al teach that the carburization occurs at 900°C.

Regarding claim 13, Alonso et al teach (see abstract) that the carburization treatment time is 6 hours.

Regarding claim 14, Alonso et al teach (see abstract) that the precursor material is tungsten trioxide (WO<sub>3</sub>).

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 27 December 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argued that the information gleaned from figure 2 of Polizzotti et al does not apply to the presently claimed method since figure 2 shows the phases present at 1127°C, whereas the claimed method occurs at 850-950°C.

In response, it is noted that the actual carburization process of Polizotti et al occurs at (see example 1) 700-1000°C. Thus, the teachings of Polizzotti et al would have been considered to be applicable to any carburization within the disclosed temperature range.

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With respect to Applicant's other arguments, they appear to be cumulative to the arguments previously presented. The Examiner does not find the arguments convincing for the reasons already of record.

### Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Harry D. Wilkins, III whose telephone number is 571-272-1251. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy V. King can be reached on 571-272-1244. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Harry D Wilkins, III

Examiner Art Unit 1742

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